Developing and Implementing a Preparedness & Response Plan



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- Labor and employment attorney who focuses on disability and leave, wage and hour, discrimination, harassment, and retaliation issues
- Guides clients through workplace safety and health issues
- Litigates labor and employment disputes



Gerardyne Drozdowski

- Represents employers on workers' compensation defense matters
- Helps employers with preventative measures, rehabilitation and litigation
- Health care background



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 Represents businesses in a variety of civil litigation, with a special focus on handling state and federal appeals

Overview

- Risks of operating without a properly implemented P&R plan
- Developing a plan that complies with Executive Order 2020-42
- Implementing the plan to minimize risk to employees and the company
- Q&A



The Risks

Death or injury to employees or their family members

- Criminal sanctions
- Business interruption
- Liability exposure
- Stigma



Exposure to Liability

- Worker's Comp will likely cover injury or death of employee infected at work
- Worker's Comp will NOT cover injury or death of infected household members
- Negligence claim





Exposure to Liability

A fully developed and implemented Preparedness and Response Plan is the first and best line of defense.



Developing a Preparedness & Response Plan

Basic steps and principles

Develop a P&R Plan

What is the plan for?

- Identify the risk of occupational exposure
- Determine appropriate control measures



Develop a P&R Plan

Steps in Developing a Plan:

- Identify baseline safety protocols
- 2. Identify worker risk levels
- 3. Determine additional controls to prevent exposure based on risk level





- OSHA Guidance on Preparing Workplaces for COVID-19
- CDC Interim Guidance for Businesses and Employers to Plan and Respond to Coronavirus Disease 2019
- State and Local Governmental Orders

- Basic infection prevention measures
 - Promote social distancing;
 - Promote frequent handwashing, use of hand Sanitizer with 60% Alcohol;
 - Encourage workers to stay home if they are sick;
 - Encourage respiratory etiquette;
 - Provide tissues and no-touch trash cans;
 - Discourage the use of shared work tools/equipment, whenever possible;



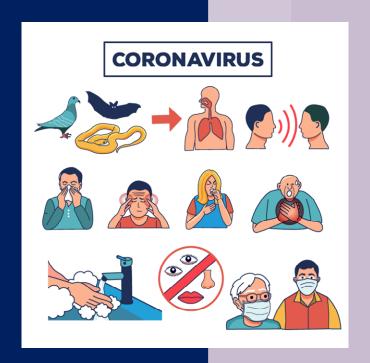
- Basic infection prevention measures
- Procedures for prompt identification and isolation of sick people
 - Educate employees about the symptoms of COVID-19;
 - Develop a protocol for positive cases







- Basic infection prevention measures
- Procedures for prompt identification and isolation of sick people
- Consider reviewing and updating policies related to sick leave or other time off to comply with guidance



Identify worker risk levels (low, medium, high, very high):

- Which workers having regular contact with others?
- Which workers deal with customers, visitors, deliveries?
- Which workers work side-by-side on machinery or in office cubicles?



Determine controls based on risk levels:

- Low risk employees: OSHA recommends that employers provide ordinary PPE for the job
- Medium risk employees: provide additional PPE and consider engineering controls (e.g., sneeze guards, barriers)
- High and very high risk employees



Develop a Plan – Do's

Do:

- Tailor the plan to your operations and the risk level of your workers
- Rely on Guidance Provided by the CDC, OSHA, and State/Local Governments





Develop a Plan – Don'ts



DO NOT:

- Use only a template or adopt another company's plan
- Fail to implement the plan



Implementing the P&R Plan

Minimizing risk to employees and the company

Implement the P&R Plan

- 1. Identify who will be responsible to carry out which part (contractor, hygienist, attorney, employee)
- 2. Set feasible but swift deadlines for completion—time is short now.
- 3. Follow up and follow through

Implement the plan – standards

What should the exact measures be?

- There are no precise regulatory standards just guidance and common sense
- But, there are 2 general legal standards that may apply:
 - Section 5(a)(1) of the Occupational Safety and Health Act
 - Common law "ordinary care" standard

Implement the plan – standards

OSHA § 5(a)(1) – failure to provide a workplace free of "recognized" hazards

 "recognized" either because employer knew better or should have known based on common sense

Common law negligence – failing to exercise the ordinary care that a "reasonably careful" person

Implement the plan

Be the reasonably careful person:

- Do what CDC and local authorities require <u>AND</u> what they recommend
- When in doubt, assign the higher risk level to your workers
- Enforce all safety protocols, always
- Put all employees on watch for violations



Update the P&R Plan



- Learning new information every day
- The CDC guidance changes
- The Governor's orders change
- The local health regulations change
- Who is going to keep you updated?

What Warner Can Do to Help



- Help you develop a plan
- Review existing plans to ensure compliance
- Keep your plan up to date as guidance and regulations change

Q&A



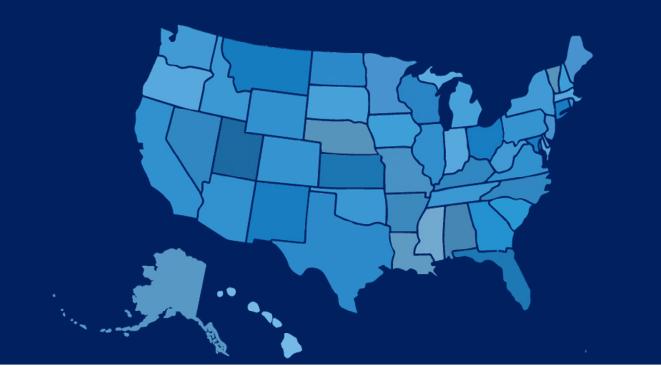
Screening:

- When
- Where
- How



Q&A

Do we have to have a plan if we operate outside of Michigan?





Be Careful Out There



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